

CLAIM AMENDMENTS

1-74. (canceled)

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75. (currently amended): A component designed to serve as an electrolyte in a fuel cell, which component comprises

a metal or metal hydride support, wherein one or both faces of said support is coated with an electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating, which coating [[is]] ~~or composite non-liquid~~ material that contains no liquid phase, said coating having a thickness such that the area-specific resistance for protons is in the range of 0.01-100  $\Omega \cdot \text{cm}^2$  at at least one temperature between [[175°C]] 220°C and 550°C.

256) 76. (previously presented): The component of claim 75, wherein the metal or the metal contained in the metal hydride is palladium, titanium, silver, copper, vanadium, lanthanum, nickel, 1b iron, chromium or alloys thereof. 137

215) 77. (previously presented): The component of claim 76, wherein the metal or metal in the metal hydride is selected from the group consisting of Pd, PdAg, PdCu, Ti, LaNi<sub>5</sub>, TiFe and CrV<sub>2</sub>, V/Ni/Ti, V/Ni and V/Ti. 138  
(28+31) 139

78. (currently amended): The component of claim 75, wherein the EIPC coating is selected from the group consisting of:

mesoporous zirconium phosphate pyrophosphate, Zr(P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>)<sub>0.81</sub>; 72 (68)  
a superprotonic water non-stoichiometric phase of M<sub>x</sub>H<sub>y</sub>(AO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>w-x</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O;  
Ba<sub>3</sub>Ca<sub>1.18</sub>Nb<sub>1.82</sub>O<sub>8.73</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O; 35 / 38  
Cs<sub>5</sub>H<sub>3</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>4</sub>·0.5H<sub>2</sub>O; 39 - 42  
an organic-inorganic hybrid, composed of 3-isocyanatopropyl triethoxysilane and poly(propylene glycol)bis(2-amino-propyl ether), mixed with peroxopolytungstic acid;  
a hydrate of SnCl<sub>2</sub>; 43 / 45 (44?)  
silver iodide tetratungstate Ag<sub>26</sub>I<sub>18</sub>W<sub>4</sub>O<sub>16</sub>; 46

$\text{Cs}_{1-x}(\text{NH}_4)_x\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4$ ;  $\text{Cs}_{1-x}(\text{ND}_4)_x\text{D}_2\text{PO}_4$ ; or  $\text{K}_{1-x}(\text{NH}_4)_x\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4$ ;

$\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ ; 47

tetraammonium dihydrogen triselenate,  $(\text{NH}_4)_4\text{H}_2(\text{SeO}_4)_3$ ; 48

$\text{CsDSO}_4$ ; 49 / 51

$\text{CsH}_2\text{PO}_4$ ; 50 / 52

$\text{Sr}[\text{Zr}_{0.9}\text{Y}_{0.1}]\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ ; 53

a silica-polyphosphate composite containing ammonium ions; Si O P N H 55

$\text{La}_{0.9}\text{Sr}_{0.1}\text{Sc}_{0.9}\text{Mg}_{0.1}\text{O}_3$ ; and 66

$\text{BaCe}_{0.9-x}\text{Zr}_x\text{M}_{0.1}\text{O}_{3-\delta}$  where M is Gd or Nd and  $x = 0$  to 0.4. 67

79. (previously presented): The component of claim 75, wherein the electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating consists of

$\text{Ba}_3\text{Ca}_{1.18}\text{Nb}_{1.82}\text{O}_{8.73}\text{-H}_2\text{O}$ ; 35 / 38

$\text{CsH}_2\text{PO}_4$ ; 50 / 52

$\text{Sr}[\text{Zr}_{0.9}\text{Y}_{0.1}]\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ ; 53

polyphosphate composite containing 19.96 wt%  $\text{NH}_4^+$ , 29.3 wt% P, 1.51 wt% Si;

$\text{La}_{0.9}\text{Sr}_{0.1}\text{Sc}_{0.9}\text{Mg}_{0.1}\text{O}_3$ ; or 66

$\text{BaCe}_{0.9-x}\text{Zr}_x\text{M}_{0.1}\text{O}_{3-\delta}$  where M is Gd or Nd and  $x = 0$  to 0.4. 67

80. (previously presented): The component of claim 75, wherein the thickness of the metal or metal hydride is 5-1,000  $\mu\text{m}$ .

81. (previously presented): The component of claim 80, wherein the thickness of the metal or metal hydride is 10-200  $\mu\text{m}$ .

82. (currently amended): The component of claim 75, wherein the area-specific resistance for protons at at least one temperature between [~~175°C~~] 220°C and 550°C is about 0.150  $\Omega\text{.cm}^2$ .

83. (canceled)

84. (currently amended): A component designed to serve as an electrolyte in a fuel cell, which component comprises

a metal or metal hydride support, wherein  
one or both faces of said support is coated with an electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating, which coating [[is]] consists of an inorganic ~~or composite non-liquid~~ material that contains no liquid phase, said coating having a thickness such that the conductivity for protons as a function of temperature is in the gap shown in Figure 1:

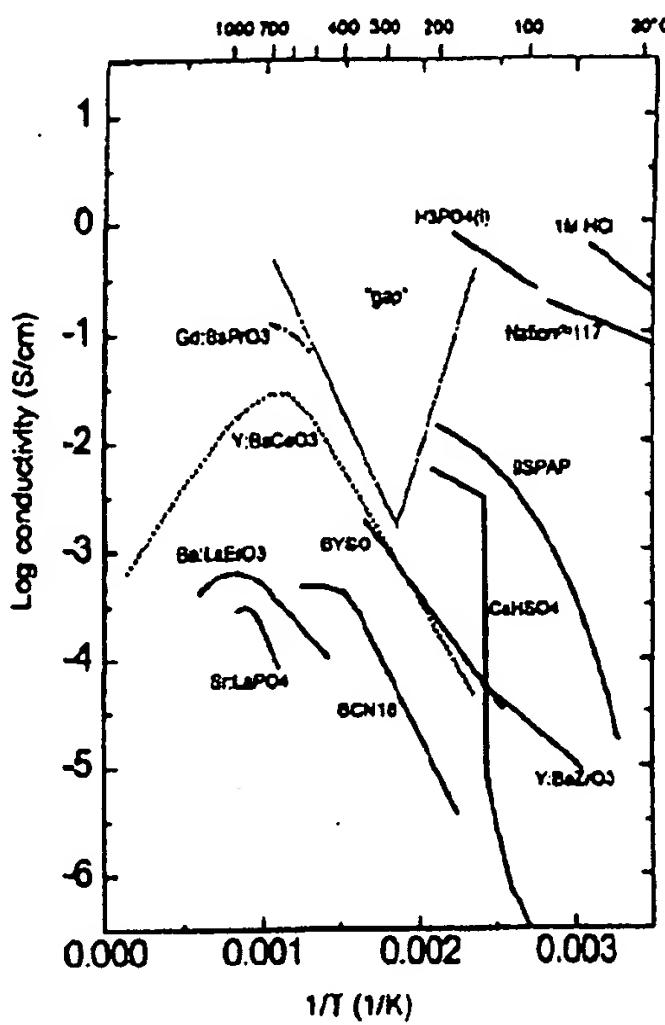


Figure 1

85. (previously presented): The component of claim 84, wherein the metal or the metal contained in the metal hydride is palladium, titanium, silver, copper, vanadium, lanthanum, nickel, iron, chromium or alloys thereof.

86. (previously presented): The component of claim 85, wherein the metal or metal in the metal hydride is selected from the group consisting of Pd, PdAg, PdCu, Ti, LaNi<sub>5</sub>, TiFe and CrV<sub>2</sub>, V/Ni/Ti, V/Ni and V/Ti.

87. (currently amended): The component of claim 84, wherein the electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating is selected from the group consisting of:  
mesoporous zirconium phosphate pyrophosphate, Zr(P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>)<sub>0.81</sub>;  
~~a superprotonic water non-stoichiometric phase of M<sub>x</sub>H<sub>y</sub>(AO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>w.x</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O;~~  
Ba<sub>3</sub>Ca<sub>1.18</sub>Nb<sub>1.82</sub>O<sub>8.73</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O;  
Cs<sub>5</sub>H<sub>3</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>4</sub>.0.5H<sub>2</sub>O;  
~~an organic-inorganic hybrid composed of 3-isocyanatopropyl triethoxysilane and poly(propylene glycol)bis(2-amino-propyl ether), mixed with peroxopolytungstic acid;~~  
a hydrate of SnCl<sub>2</sub>;  
silver iodide tetratungstate Ag<sub>26</sub>I<sub>18</sub>W<sub>4</sub>O<sub>16</sub>;  
Cs<sub>1-x</sub>(NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>x</sub>H<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, Cs<sub>1-x</sub>(ND<sub>4</sub>)<sub>x</sub>D<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, or K<sub>1-x</sub>(NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>x</sub>H<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>;  
KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>;  
tetraammonium dihydrogen triselenate, (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>4</sub>H<sub>2</sub>(SeO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>;  
CsDSO<sub>4</sub>;  
CsH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>;  
Sr[Zr<sub>0.9</sub>Y<sub>0.1</sub>]O<sub>3-δ</sub>;  
a silica-polyphosphate composite containing ammonium ions;  
La<sub>0.9</sub>Sr<sub>0.1</sub>Sc<sub>0.9</sub>Mg<sub>0.1</sub>O<sub>3</sub>; and  
BaCe<sub>0.9-x</sub>Zr<sub>x</sub>M<sub>0.1</sub>O<sub>3-δ</sub> where M is Gd or Nd and x = 0 to 0.4.

88. (previously presented): The component of claim 84, wherein the electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating consists of

Ba<sub>3</sub>Ca<sub>1.18</sub>Nb<sub>1.82</sub>O<sub>8.73</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O;  
CsH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>;  
Sr[Zr<sub>0.9</sub>Y<sub>0.1</sub>]O<sub>3-δ</sub>;  
polyphosphate composite containing 19.96 wt% NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>, 29.3 wt% P, 1.51 wt% Si;

$\text{La}_{0.9}\text{Sr}_{0.1}\text{Sc}_{0.9}\text{Mg}_{0.1}\text{O}_3$ ; or

$\text{BaCe}_{0.9-x}\text{Zr}_x\text{M}_{0.1}\text{O}_{3-\delta}$  where M is Gd or Nd and  $x = 0$  to  $0.4$ .

89. (previously presented): The component of claim 84, wherein the thickness of the metal or metal hydride is  $5\text{-}1,000 \mu\text{m}$ .

90. (previously presented): The component of claim 89, wherein the thickness of the metal or metal hydride is  $10\text{-}200 \mu\text{m}$ .

91. (currently amended): The component of claim 84, wherein the area-specific resistance for protons at at least one temperature between  $[\text{[175}^\circ\text{C}]]$   $220^\circ\text{C}$  and  $550^\circ\text{C}$  is about  $0.150 \Omega\text{.cm}^2$ .

92. (canceled)